

اجابة الامتحان التجريبي رياضيات / طوكرم  
الورقة الأولى

١) 

٣	٢	١
٦	$\frac{1}{2}$	١٢

٢)  $\sqrt[3]{(x-3)^3 - 3x^2} = 3$

٣)  $(x-3)$  متصل على ٢

٤)  $(x-3) = \frac{1}{3} \left( \sqrt[3]{(x-3)^3 - 3x^2} - 3 \right)$

٥)  $\frac{(x-3)^3}{\sqrt[3]{(x-3)^3 - 3x^2}} = 3$

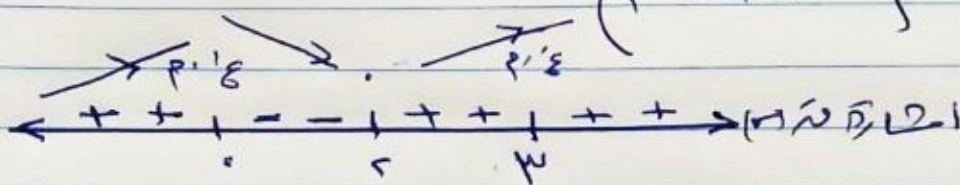
٦)  $(x-3) = 3 \iff x = 6$

$\boxed{x=6}$  ،  $x=3$

٧)  $(x-3) = 0 \iff x = 3$

$\boxed{x=3}$  ،  $\boxed{x=6}$

٨) من المرحلة ١ ، ٢ ، ٣



٩)  $(x-3) = 3 \iff x = 6$  ،  $[0, 6]$  ،  $[2, \infty)$

١٠)  $(x-3) = 0 \iff x = 3$  ،  $[3, 0]$

١١)  $\sqrt[3]{(x-3)^3 - 3x^2} = 3 \iff x = 6$  ،  $\sqrt[3]{(x-3)^3 - 3x^2} = 0 \iff x = 3$

$$r = \varepsilon \iff \frac{\pi}{\varepsilon} = 1 \quad \textcircled{A}$$

$$\frac{\varepsilon}{1} \times \frac{CPS}{\varepsilon} = \frac{CPS}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{CPS}{\varepsilon}} = \frac{\varepsilon}{CPS} \quad \left| \frac{\varepsilon}{CPS} \right|$$

$$\frac{1}{r} = \left| \frac{\varepsilon}{CPS} \right|$$

$$\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_2 = \frac{CPS}{\varepsilon}$$

$$r_1 = 1 + r_2 = \left| \frac{CPS}{\varepsilon} \right|$$

$$\boxed{1.} = \frac{1}{r} \times r_1 = \frac{CPS}{\varepsilon} \therefore$$

$$\frac{1}{\varepsilon} \quad \left| \quad \frac{1}{r} \quad \right| \quad \frac{1}{1-r}$$

②

$$1r = (1)u - (r)u \iff r = \frac{(1)u - (r)u}{r} \quad \textcircled{3}$$

$$v = \frac{(1)u - (r)u}{r}$$

$$r1 = (1)u - (r)u + p1u$$

$$r1 = 1r + p1u$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{r} = p} \iff \frac{1}{r} = p \frac{1}{1}$$



سؤال (٢) في (N)  $\epsilon_{NO} - NP$  في (١)  $\epsilon_{10} = 1, \dots = 1$  ارتفاع الجذر

عند أقصى ارتفاع  $\leftarrow 8$

$$\boxed{N|_0 = P} \Leftarrow \epsilon_{10} = P$$

في (N)  $\Lambda_0 =$

$$\Lambda_0 = \epsilon_{NO} - \epsilon_{N1}$$

$$17 = \epsilon_N \Leftarrow \Lambda_0 = \epsilon_{NO}$$

$$\epsilon_{10} = N \quad \boxed{\epsilon_2 = N}$$

$$\boxed{\epsilon_1 = P} \Leftarrow$$

$$\epsilon_{10} - \epsilon_{NO} = N \epsilon_1$$

$$1 = \epsilon_{10} + N \epsilon_1 + \epsilon_{NO} -$$

$$1 = 9 - N \Lambda - \epsilon_N$$

$$1 = (1 + N) (9 - N)$$

$$\epsilon_{10} = N \quad \boxed{9 = N} \quad \epsilon_{10} = N$$

$$9 \times 10 - \epsilon_1 = (9) \epsilon$$

$$9 - \epsilon_1 =$$

$$1 = \epsilon_{10} / 10 \quad \boxed{0.1 =}$$



A hand-drawn number line on lined paper. The number line has arrows at both ends and is divided into three sections by two vertical tick marks. The first section (left) contains the number 3. The second section (middle) contains the number 1. The third section (right) contains the number 1, with a double underline under the 1.

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$\text{مجموعه } (a) \text{ و } (b) \text{ در } (c) \text{ قرار دارد} \Rightarrow (a) \cup (b) \subseteq (c)$

١٩ (٥) من قبل [٥٦١]

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \mu > \nu > 1 - \\ 0 > \nu > \mu \\ \mu = \nu \end{array} \right\} = (0) \sim$$

$$\varphi(3) \neq \varphi(3) - \varphi(3) \quad \varphi(3) \neq \varphi(3)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 1 > 5 > 3 \\ 0 > 5 > 3 \\ 3 = 5 \end{array} \right\} \text{فئة (س)} =$$

$$f(s) = 1 \Leftrightarrow s = 1$$

150

۱۳۰ (۵) م. ۱۴ ←

م (س) مقعر بالا علی ۱۰۳، ۱۰۴، ۱۰۵

(1)  $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$   
 (2)  $\frac{1}{x^3} = x^{-3}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-3} = -3x^{-4} = -\frac{3}{x^4}$   
 (3)  $\frac{1}{x^4} = x^{-4}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-4} = -4x^{-5} = -\frac{4}{x^5}$   
 (4)  $\frac{1}{x^5} = x^{-5}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-5} = -5x^{-6} = -\frac{5}{x^6}$   
 (5)  $\frac{1}{x^6} = x^{-6}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-6} = -6x^{-7} = -\frac{6}{x^7}$   
 (6)  $\frac{1}{x^7} = x^{-7}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-7} = -7x^{-8} = -\frac{7}{x^8}$   
 (7)  $\frac{1}{x^8} = x^{-8}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-8} = -8x^{-9} = -\frac{8}{x^9}$   
 (8)  $\frac{1}{x^9} = x^{-9}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-9} = -9x^{-10} = -\frac{9}{x^{10}}$   
 (9)  $\frac{1}{x^{10}} = x^{-10}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-10} = -10x^{-11} = -\frac{10}{x^{11}}$   
 (10)  $\frac{1}{x^{11}} = x^{-11}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-11} = -11x^{-12} = -\frac{11}{x^{12}}$   
 (11)  $\frac{1}{x^{12}} = x^{-12}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-12} = -12x^{-13} = -\frac{12}{x^{13}}$   
 (12)  $\frac{1}{x^{13}} = x^{-13}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-13} = -13x^{-14} = -\frac{13}{x^{14}}$   
 (13)  $\frac{1}{x^{14}} = x^{-14}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-14} = -14x^{-15} = -\frac{14}{x^{15}}$   
 (14)  $\frac{1}{x^{15}} = x^{-15}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-15} = -15x^{-16} = -\frac{15}{x^{16}}$   
 (15)  $\frac{1}{x^{16}} = x^{-16}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-16} = -16x^{-17} = -\frac{16}{x^{17}}$   
 (16)  $\frac{1}{x^{17}} = x^{-17}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-17} = -17x^{-18} = -\frac{17}{x^{18}}$   
 (17)  $\frac{1}{x^{18}} = x^{-18}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-18} = -18x^{-19} = -\frac{18}{x^{19}}$   
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 (31)  $\frac{1}{x^{32}} = x^{-32}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-32} = -32x^{-33} = -\frac{32}{x^{33}}$   
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 (34)  $\frac{1}{x^{35}} = x^{-35}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-35} = -35x^{-36} = -\frac{35}{x^{36}}$   
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 (36)  $\frac{1}{x^{37}} = x^{-37}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-37} = -37x^{-38} = -\frac{37}{x^{38}}$   
 (37)  $\frac{1}{x^{38}} = x^{-38}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-38} = -38x^{-39} = -\frac{38}{x^{39}}$   
 (38)  $\frac{1}{x^{39}} = x^{-39}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-39} = -39x^{-40} = -\frac{39}{x^{40}}$   
 (39)  $\frac{1}{x^{40}} = x^{-40}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-40} = -40x^{-41} = -\frac{40}{x^{41}}$   
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 (41)  $\frac{1}{x^{42}} = x^{-42}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-42} = -42x^{-43} = -\frac{42}{x^{43}}$   
 (42)  $\frac{1}{x^{43}} = x^{-43}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-43} = -43x^{-44} = -\frac{43}{x^{44}}$   
 (43)  $\frac{1}{x^{44}} = x^{-44}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-44} = -44x^{-45} = -\frac{44}{x^{45}}$   
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 (46)  $\frac{1}{x^{47}} = x^{-47}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-47} = -47x^{-48} = -\frac{47}{x^{48}}$   
 (47)  $\frac{1}{x^{48}} = x^{-48}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-48} = -48x^{-49} = -\frac{48}{x^{49}}$   
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 (49)  $\frac{1}{x^{50}} = x^{-50}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-50} = -50x^{-51} = -\frac{50}{x^{51}}$   
 (50)  $\frac{1}{x^{51}} = x^{-51}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-51} = -51x^{-52} = -\frac{51}{x^{52}}$   
 (51)  $\frac{1}{x^{52}} = x^{-52}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-52} = -52x^{-53} = -\frac{52}{x^{53}}$   
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 (56)  $\frac{1}{x^{57}} = x^{-57}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-57} = -57x^{-58} = -\frac{57}{x^{58}}$   
 (57)  $\frac{1}{x^{58}} = x^{-58}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-58} = -58x^{-59} = -\frac{58}{x^{59}}$   
 (58)  $\frac{1}{x^{59}} = x^{-59}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-59} = -59x^{-60} = -\frac{59}{x^{60}}$   
 (59)  $\frac{1}{x^{60}} = x^{-60}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-60} = -60x^{-61} = -\frac{60}{x^{61}}$   
 (60)  $\frac{1}{x^{61}} = x^{-61}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-61} = -61x^{-62} = -\frac{61}{x^{62}}$   
 (61)  $\frac{1}{x^{62}} = x^{-62}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-62} = -62x^{-63} = -\frac{62}{x^{63}}$   
 (62)  $\frac{1}{x^{63}} = x^{-63}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-63} = -63x^{-64} = -\frac{63}{x^{64}}$   
 (63)  $\frac{1}{x^{64}} = x^{-64}$   $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-64} = -64x^{-65} = -\frac{64}{x^{65}}$

(١٠١) نقطة الفخاف لانه وحقق وعينه الحاد بقرة

ظاہر = ۱۰ (۰)

$$\gamma - \vec{V} = 0 \iff \gamma - = 0 \dot{\psi}$$



$$\textcircled{2} \quad \text{و} \quad \text{ق} = (u) \quad \text{ق} = (u)$$

$$\text{ق} = \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \quad \text{ق} = \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$\boxed{\text{ق}} = \text{ق} \times \text{ق} =$$

$$\boxed{\text{ق}} = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \text{ق} = \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$p \times (u - \text{ق}) + u \times (u - \text{ق}) \times p = (u) \quad \text{ق}$$

$$(u - \text{ق}) \times p + (u - \text{ق}) \times p \times \text{ق} = (u) \quad \text{ق}$$

$$0. = \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \quad (u \text{ و } \text{ق})$$

$$0. = \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \quad \text{ق} \times \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \quad \text{ق}$$

$$0. = \text{ق} - \lambda(\text{ق}) \quad \text{ق}$$

$$0. = \text{ق} - \lambda \times p \times \text{ق}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2} = p} \Leftrightarrow 0. = p \quad \text{ق} =$$

ق	ق	1
$\sqrt{\text{ق} + \text{ق} - \text{ق} - \text{ق}}$	ق	متناقص

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \text{ق}$$

$$s + u \times p + u \times p + u \times p = (u) \quad \text{ق}$$

$$p + u \times p + u \times p \times \text{ق} = (u) \quad \text{ق}$$

$$p \times \text{ق} + u \times p \times \text{ق} = (u) \quad \text{ق}$$



$$\boxed{0 = 5} \Leftarrow 0 = (1) \text{ و } \textcircled{1}$$

$$\boxed{19 = 4} \Leftarrow 1 = 4 + 9 + 7 \Leftarrow 1 = (1) \text{ و } \textcircled{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 1 = 4 + 9 + 7 \Leftarrow 1 = (1) \text{ و } \textcircled{3}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 2 = 4 + 9 + 7 \Leftarrow 2 = (1) \text{ و } \textcircled{4}$$

$$\boxed{1 = 9} \Leftarrow 1 = 9 + 4 - 9$$

$$\boxed{9 = 4} \Leftarrow 1 - 9 = 4$$

نقوم في معادلة ٥

$$\boxed{9 = 4}$$

$$0 + 5 - 9 = 4 + 9 - 9$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad (1) + (1) = (1) + 4 - 9$$

$$\boxed{1 = 4} \Leftarrow$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad 1 = 4 + 9 - 9$$

$$1 = 4 + 9 - 9$$

$$\boxed{18} = 17 + 1$$







$$w = \frac{w}{c} \times c = \left( \frac{w}{c} \right) c$$

~~المحل~~ ~~المحل~~ عن الفقه ( $\frac{3}{c}$ ,  $\frac{3}{e}$ ) ~~هو~~

مصارفة الخاسر عند  $(\frac{3}{c} - \frac{v}{c})$

$$\left(\frac{w}{r} + \sigma\right) w = \frac{V}{z} - \omega p$$

$$\frac{9}{2} + 6w = \frac{2}{2} - 6p$$

$$\left[ \frac{c_0}{2} + G^2 = 4p \right]$$

$$U^{\otimes n}(U) = U + U^{\otimes 2} + \dots + U^{\otimes n}$$

$${}^1\omega \times \omega L - = {}^1\omega + 1$$

$$\frac{1}{\text{up} + 1} = \frac{1}{\text{up}} \Leftrightarrow 1 - = (\text{up} + 1) \frac{1}{\text{up}}$$

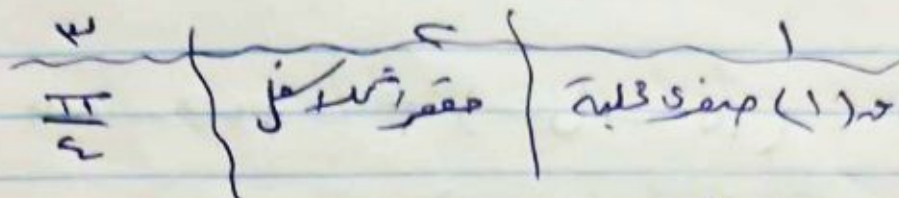
$$\frac{1 - x^{u+1}}{u+1} = \frac{1^u \times u! \times 1}{(u+1)!} = \frac{1}{u+1}$$

$$\frac{up \cdot up - 1}{(up \cdot up + 1)} = "up$$

$${}^w\bar{C}_p(\bar{C}) = \bar{C}_p \times \frac{1}{(w+1)} = \bar{C}_p$$

#





④ 7

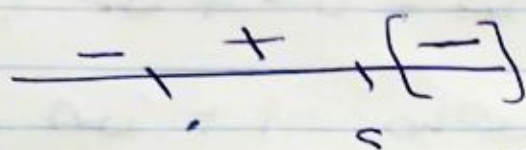
⑤ هـ (س) متزايد من هـ (س) ⑥ +

هـ (س) = س - س - س

س - س - س = س

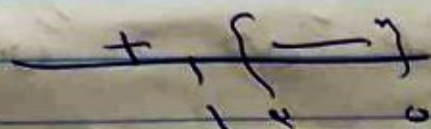
س (س - س - س) = س

س = س



هـ (س) ⑦ - في [س، س]

هـ (س) = س - س - س



س = س

هـ (س) ⑧ - في [س، س]

هـ (س) = س - س - س

ل (س) : هـ (س) + هـ (س) × هـ (س)

ل (س) متقل في [س، س] ل نه كثيره و د

ل (س) = هـ (س) + هـ (س) هـ (س) + هـ (س) هـ (س) هـ (س)

= هـ (س) + هـ (س) هـ (س) + هـ (س) هـ (س) هـ (س)

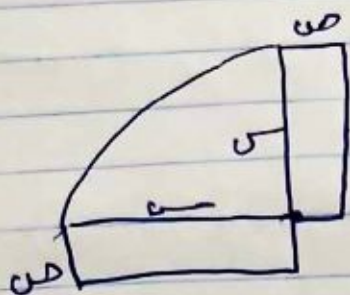
⑥ + ⑦ × ⑧ + ⑥

⑥ = ⑥ + ⑥ + ⑥

ل (س) < مفرد في [س، س]

ل (س) متزايد على [س، س]





مسألة ٢) المسافة =  $\frac{1}{2}$  المسافة +  $s$  المسافة  $\frac{1}{2}$  المسافة

$$s = \left( \frac{1}{2} \pi r + \pi r \right) = 1 \dots$$

$$s = \pi r + \frac{1}{2} \pi r$$

$$\boxed{s - \frac{\pi r}{2} = \frac{0.1}{r} = 4} \Leftrightarrow \frac{s - \pi r}{r} = \frac{s - \pi r}{r} = \frac{0.1}{r}$$

المسألة ٢) المسافة =  $\frac{1}{2}$  المسافة +  $s$  المسافة

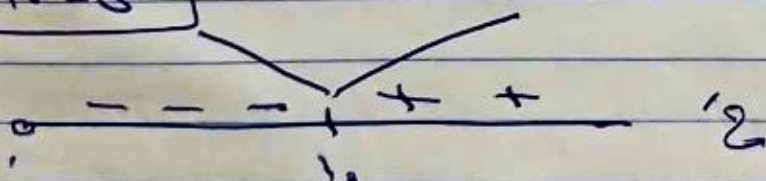
$$s = \pi r + \frac{1}{2} \pi r$$

$$s = \pi r + \left( \frac{s - \pi r}{r} \right) r = \pi r + s - \pi r = s$$

$$s = \pi r + \frac{s - \pi r}{r} r = \pi r + s - \pi r = s$$

$$s = \pi r + \frac{s - \pi r}{r} r = \pi r + s - \pi r = s$$

$$\boxed{s = 1}$$



عند  $s = 1$  صغرى مطلقة، المسافة أقل ما يمكن

$$1 \times \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{0.1}{1} = 4 \Leftrightarrow \boxed{1 = s}$$

$$\boxed{\pi \frac{0.1}{2} - 0 = 4} \quad \therefore \text{المسافة} = \pi \frac{0.1}{2} - 0.1$$





لتحميل المزيد من موقع المكتبة الفلسطينية الشاملة

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الصف التاسع: [www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page\\_78.html](http://www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page_78.html)

الصف العاشر: [www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page\\_11.html](http://www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page_11.html)

الصف الحادي عشر: [www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page\\_37.html](http://www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page_37.html)

الصف الثاني عشر: [www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page\\_33.html](http://www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page_33.html)

ملازم للمتقدمين للوظائف: [www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page\\_89.html](http://www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page_89.html)

شارك معنا: [www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page\\_40.html](http://www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page_40.html)

اتصل بنا: [www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page\\_9.html](http://www.sh-pal.com/p/blog-page_9.html)