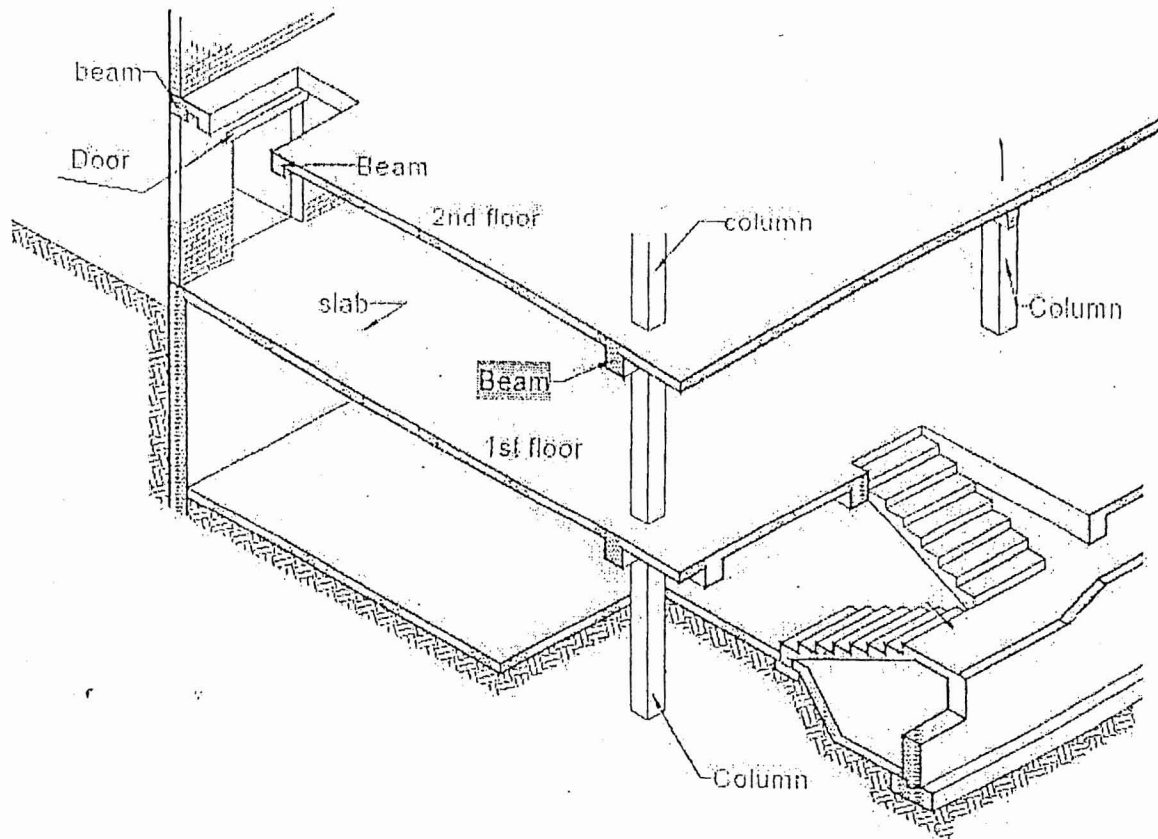


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2 nd year civil Engineering

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Reinforced concrete

Sheet 3

Ultimate Design JI Sheet



Ultimate Limit State Method

- By Using Ultimate Limit State Method, design a rectangular section to resist factored bending moment (ultimate) of 400 kN.m, if the width of the section $b=250$ mm

$$f_{cu} \quad 25 \quad 25$$

$$f_y \quad 240 \quad 400$$

For steel 240/350, $C_{max}/d = 0.5$ and $R_{max} = 0.214$

For steel 400/600, $C_{max}/d = 0.42$ and $R_{max} = 0.187$

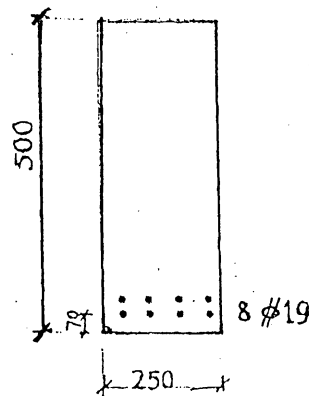
if the section designed is 250 * 650 mm calculate the required reinforcement.

- 2- By Using Ultimate Limit State Method, design a RC singly reinforced rectangular section with $b = 300$ mm and subjected to factored bending moment (ultimate) of 400 kN.m, if the steel ratio μ is required to be 0.5 μ_b

$$f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2, f_y = 360 \text{ N/mm}^2, C_{max}/d = 0.44 \text{ and } R_{max} = 0.194, \mu_{max} = 5 \times 10^{-4} f_{cu}$$

- 3- For the RC singly reinforced rectangular section shown in figure, using the ultimate strength Design Method, determine what modifications should be done to the section reinforcement if it is subjected to an ultimate moment = 250 kN.m

$$f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2, f_y = 360 \text{ N/mm}^2, C_{max}/d = 0.44 \text{ and } R_{max} = 0.194, \mu_{max} = 5 \times 10^{-4} f_{cu}$$

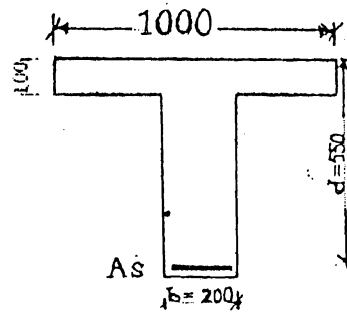


4 - For the RC T-section calculate the required area of steel reinforcement if the section is required to resist a factored bending moment

a- $M_u = 300 \text{ kN.m}$

b- $M_u = 700 \text{ kN.m}$

Materials are : Concrete $f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$, steel Grade 360/520



Problem No: 1

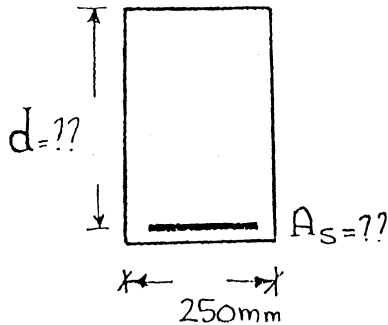
المسألة رقم 1 Sheet عبارة عن 3 أسئلة

الجزء الأول

$$f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$f_y = 240 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$M_{ult} = 400 \text{ kN.m}$$



Find d & A_s

$$1) M_{u_{max}} = R_{max} \times \frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \times b \times d^2$$

$$400 \times 10^6 = 0.214 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times 250 \times d^2$$

$$d = 669.77 \text{ mm} \xrightarrow[\text{50 mm}]{\text{تقرب لأقرب 50 mm}} 700 \text{ mm}$$

$$\therefore h = d + d' = 700 + 50 = 750 \text{ mm}$$

$$2) M_u = C [d - a/2]$$

$$400 \times 10^6 = 0.67 \times \frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \times (a)(b) [d - \frac{a}{2}]$$

$$= 0.67 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times (a)(250) [700 - \frac{a}{2}]$$

$$a = 248.96 \text{ mm} \checkmark$$

$$a_{min} = 0.1d = 70 \text{ mm}$$

$$\therefore a = 248.96 \text{ mm}$$

$$3) M_u = T [d - a/2]$$

$$M_u = A_s \times \frac{f_y}{\gamma_s} \times [d - a/2]$$

$$400 \times 10^6 = A_s \times \frac{240}{1.15} \times [700 - \frac{248.96}{2}]$$

$$A_s = 3330.3 \text{ mm}^2 = 7\phi 25$$

الجزء الثالث [2] أعد حل أسئلة إذا كان

$$f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$f_y = 400 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$M_{ult} = 400 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$① \quad M_{u_{max}} = R_{max} \times \frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \times b \times d^2$$

$$400 \times 10^6 = 0.187 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times 250 \times d^2$$

$$d = 716.5 \text{ mm} \xrightarrow[\text{50mm}]{\text{تقرب لأقرب}} 750 \text{ mm}$$

$$h = d + d' = 750 + 50 = 800 \text{ mm}$$

$$② \quad M_{u_{max}} = C \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$400 \times 10^6 = 0.67 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times (a) \times (250) \left[750 - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$a = 224 \text{ mm} \quad \checkmark \quad \text{الأكبر}$$

$$a_{min} = 0.1d = 75 \text{ mm}$$

$$③ \quad M_{u_{max}} = T \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$400 \times 10^6 = A_s \times \frac{400}{1.15} \times \left[750 - \frac{224}{2} \right]$$

$$A_s = 1803 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$8 \phi 18 \text{ mm}$$

3 الجزء الثالث قال لو كان القطر 250×650^{mm} والعزم 400 KN.m

واوجد التسليح .

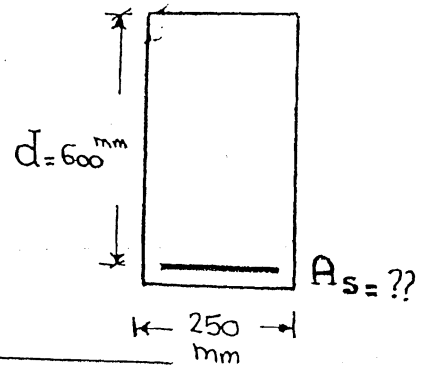
$$F_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$F_y = 400 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

* Given: $M = 400 \text{ KN.m}$

$$d = 600 \text{ mm}$$

* Req: A_s



$$\begin{aligned} \text{I} \quad M_{u_{max}} &= R_{max} \times \frac{F_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \times b \times d^2 \\ &= 0.187 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times 250 \times (600)^2 = \underline{\underline{280.5 \text{ KN.m}}} \end{aligned}$$

• معنى ذلك انك يريد تصميم القطر على عزم = 400 ؟ وانت وجدت ان اقصى عزم يتحمله القطر = 280.5 اي القطر غير كاف Use Compression steel

ويكون العزم الذي يتحمله حديد المنفط

$$\begin{aligned} \text{II} \quad M_1 &= M_{u_{given}} - M_{u_{max}} \\ &= 400 - 280.5 = 119.5 \text{ KN.m} \end{aligned}$$

$$M_1 = C_s (d - d'')$$

$$119.5 \times 10^6 = A_s' \times \frac{F_y}{\gamma_s} (d - d'')$$

$$119.5 \times 10^6 = A_s' \times \frac{400}{1.15} \times (600 - 50)$$

$$A_s' = 624.65 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$= 4 \phi 16 \text{ mm}$$

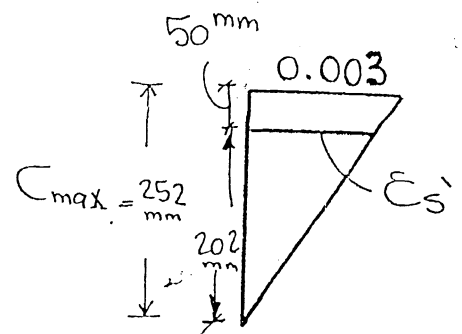
{Check of yeilding for As}

$$\frac{C_{max}}{d} = 0.42 \quad \text{من الجدول}$$

$$C_{max} = 252 \text{ mm}$$

$$\infty \frac{\bar{\epsilon}_s}{0.003} = \frac{202}{252}$$

$$\infty \bar{\epsilon}_s = 0.0024$$



$$\bar{\epsilon}_y = \frac{360}{1.15 \times 2 \times 10^5} = 0.00156$$

"yeild ال تقوى ال" "مقاومة" "الحد الأقصى" ok

$$* a_{max} = 0.8 C_{max} = 201.6 \text{ mm}$$

[3]

$$C_c + C_s = T$$

$$0.67 * \frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} * a_{max} * b + A_s * \frac{F_y}{\gamma_s} = A_s * \frac{F_y}{\gamma_s}$$

$$0.67 * \frac{25}{1.5} * 201.6 * 250 + 624.65 * \frac{400}{1.15} = A_s * \frac{400}{1.15}$$

$$A_s = 2242.7 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$6 \phi 22$$

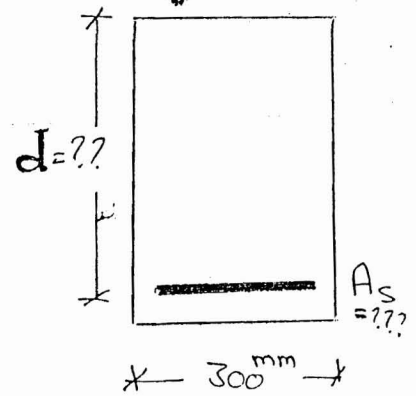
Problem No: 2

if $M = 0.5 M_b$

Given: $M_u = 400 \text{ kN.m}$

$M = 0.5 M_b$ ← شرط.

Req: d, A_s



اعطاك في مسائل شرب ← اسقطه

$$M_b = 0.41 \times \frac{F_{cu}}{F_y} \times \frac{600}{600 + F_y / \gamma_s}$$

$$= 0.41 \times \frac{25}{360} \times \frac{600}{600 + \frac{360}{1.15}} = 0.018$$

$$M = 0.5 M_b$$

$$= 0.5 \times 0.018 = 0.009$$

$$M = \frac{A_s}{b \times d}$$

$$\therefore A_s = M \times b \times d = 0.009 \times 300 \times d$$

$$A_s = 2.7d$$

② ادخل معادلات الإبتزان

ثاني خطوة

ملاحظة
حسابات عادية

$$G_c = T$$

$$(0.67) \left(\frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \right) (a)(b) = (A_s) \left(\frac{f_y}{\gamma_s} \right)$$

$$A_s = 2.7d$$

عوض عن

$$0.67 \left(\frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \right) (a)(b) = [(2.7)(d)] \left(\frac{f_y}{\gamma_s} \right)$$

$$0.67 \left(\frac{25}{1.5} \right) (a)(300) = 2.7 * d * \frac{360}{1.15}$$

صات علاقة بين (a, d)

$$a = 0.25d$$

③ ادخل معادلة العزم

ثالث خطوة

$$M_u = C(d - a/2)$$

فيها a, d

بالميل

بالعلاقة السابقة نقيم مجهول واحد

$$M_u = 0.67 * \frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} * (a) + (b) + \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$M_u = 0.67 * \frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} * (0.25d)(b) \left[d - \frac{0.25d}{2} \right]$$

شغل كل a

وحدة مكان d 0.25

$$400 * 10^6 = 0.67 * \frac{25}{1.5} * 0.25 * d * 300 + \left[d - 0.125d \right]$$

$$d = 738.8$$

تقريب 750 mm

$$h = 800 \text{ mm}$$

من العلاقة الأولى

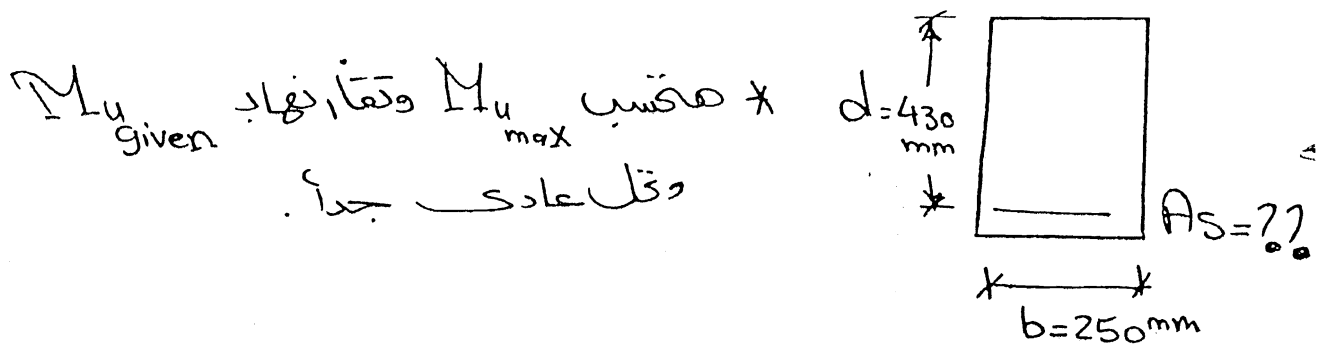
$$A_s = 2.7 * d = 2.7 * 750 = 2025$$

8 #18

problem NO: 3

معنى لمسة انه طلب "ماهي التقديرات التي يجب اجراؤها على حديد
"حديد القطع"

في حل لمسة عادي به أ كانه الحديد "As" مجهول



$$\textcircled{1} M_{u \text{ max}} = R_{\text{max}} \times \frac{f_{cu}}{b_c} \times b \times d^2$$

$$= 0.194 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times 250 \times (430)^2$$

$$= 149.46 \text{ KN.m}$$

$$M_{u \text{ max}} < M_{u \text{ given}}$$

في ان القطع يلحقه آخره يتحمل 149.46 KN.m وهو عايزك

نقصه على ان يتحمل 250 KN.m

Use Comp. Steel

$$\circ M_1 = M_{\text{given}} - M_{\text{max}}$$

$$= 250 - 149.46 = 100.5 \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_1 = C_s * (d - d'')$$

$$100.5 * 10^6 = A_s * \frac{F_y}{\gamma_s} * (d - d'')$$

حقیق
= 50 mm
بالاعتبار

$$100.5 * 10^6 = A_s * \frac{360}{1.15} * (430 - 50)$$

$$* A_s = 844 \text{ mm}^2 \rightarrow 4 \phi 18$$

$$\circ C_c + C_s = T$$

$$0.67 * \frac{f_{cr}}{\gamma_c} * a_{\text{max}} * b + A_s * \frac{F_y}{\gamma_s} = A_s * \frac{F_y}{\gamma_s}$$

$$\frac{C_{\text{max}}}{d} = 0.44$$

$$C_{\text{max}} = 189.2 \text{ mm}$$

$$a_{\text{max}} = 0.8 C_{\text{max}} = 151.3 \text{ mm}$$

$$\circ 0.67 * \frac{25}{1.5} * 151.3 * 250 + 844 * \frac{360}{1.15} = A_s * \frac{360}{1.15}$$

$$A_s = 2193.26 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\rightarrow 5 \phi 22$$

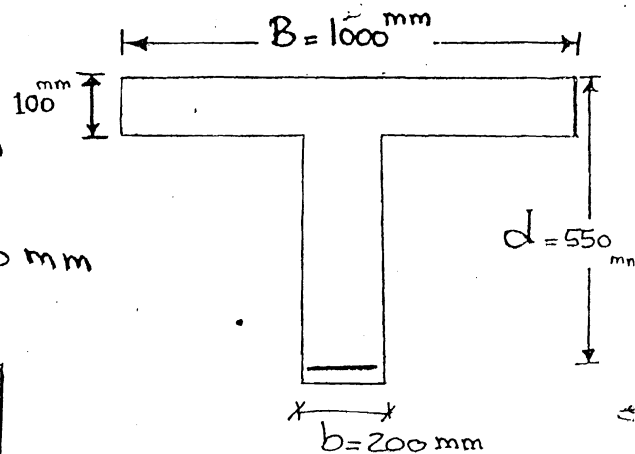
Problem No: 4

* المسألة عبارة عن مسألتين T-Sec.

طلب حل المسألة مرة لو $M_u = 300$ ومرة أخرى لو $M_u = 700$

Case a

$$M_u = 300 \text{ KN.m}$$



* assume $a = t_s = 100 \text{ mm}$

$$M_{u_{max}} = C \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$= 0.67 \times \frac{F_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \times a \times B \times \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$= 0.67 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times 100 \times 1000 \times \left[550 - \frac{100}{2} \right]$$

$$M_{u_{max}} = 558.3 \text{ KN.m}$$

وبخلاف العزم الذي تتحمله الـ Flange وحدها = 558 ونادى بالقيمة
القلع على 300 KN.m

$$a < t_s$$

$$M_u = C \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$300 \times 10^6 = 0.67 \times \frac{F_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \times (a) \times (B) \times \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$300 \times 10^6 = 0.67 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times (a) \times (1000) \times \left[550 - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$a = 51.23 \text{ mm}$$

$$a_{min} = 0.1d = 55 \text{ mm} \checkmark \text{ الأكبر}$$

3

$$M_u = T \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$300 \times 10^6 = A_s \times \frac{f_y}{\gamma_s} \times \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$300 \times 10^6 = A_s \times \frac{360}{1.15} \times \left[550 - \frac{55}{2} \right]$$

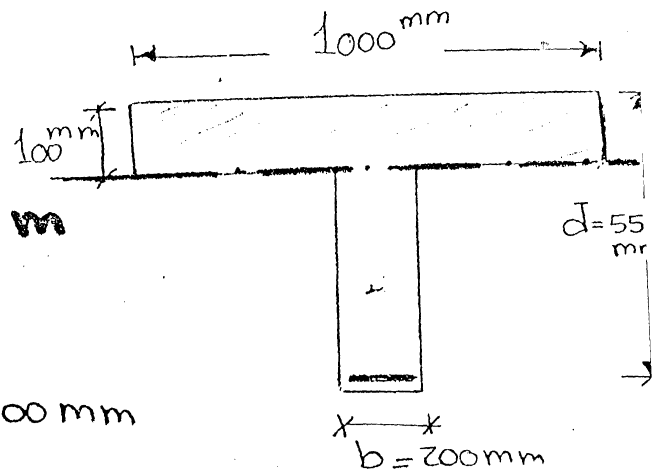
$$A_s = 1834 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$= 8 \phi 18 \text{ mm}$$

Case B

$$M_u = 700 \text{ kN.m}$$

* assume $a = t_s = 100 \text{ mm}$



$$[1] \quad M_{u_{max}} = C \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$= 0.67 \times \frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \times (a) \times B \times \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$= 0.67 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times 100 \times 1000 \times \left[550 - \frac{100}{2} \right]$$

$$= 558.3 \text{ kN.m}$$

وإذا كنا نريد تصميم القطر على 700 kN.m و هو الـ Flange
وحدها تتحمل 558.3 فقط لا تكفي، وقتها جزء من الـ Web

$$a > t_s$$

$$M_u = C_w \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right) + C_F \left(d - \frac{t_s}{2} \right)$$

$$700 \times 10^6 = 0.67 \times \frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \times (a)(b) \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right] + 0.67 \times \frac{f_{cu}}{\gamma_c} \times (t_s)(B-b) \times \left[d - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$700 \times 10^6 = 0.67 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times a \times 200 \times \left[550 - \frac{a}{2} \right]$$

$$+ 0.67 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times 100 \times (1000 - 200) \times \left[550 - \frac{100}{2} \right]$$

$$a = 274.98 \text{ mm} \quad \checkmark \checkmark$$

$$a_{min} = 55 \text{ mm}$$

$$C_w + C_F = T$$

$$0.67 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times 274.98 \times 200 + 0.67 \times \frac{25}{1.5} \times 100 \times (1000 - 200) = A_s \times \frac{360}{1.15}$$

$$A_s = 4815.48 \text{ mm}^2$$

10 ϕ 25

عزم کبیر یطالع حرید کبیر